

# **Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

**Report and Audited Accounts  
for the year ended 31 December 2023**

**Registered number: 111667**

# **Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

## **Report and audited accounts**

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# **Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

## **Company information**

### **Directors**

Jose Alfredo Reygadas del Valle  
Scott Edward Moran  
Humberto Marino Sanchez

### **Secretary**

Max Dillon  
Portal 2. Bajo A  
Calle Guadalajara  
La Linea De La Concepcion  
11300  
Cadiz  
Spain

### **Independent auditor**

RSM Audit (Gibraltar) Limited  
21 Engineer Lane  
Gibraltar

### **Registered office**

*(since 1 February 2023)*  
World Trade Center  
6 Bayside Road, Regus  
Unit 1.02, Office 257  
Gibraltar

*(until 31 January 2023)*  
3.22 Eurotowers  
Gibraltar

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2023

The Directors present their report and the audited accounts of Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited (referred to as the "Company" or "MCSCCL") for the year ended 31 December 2023.

### Principal activities, review of the business and future developments

The Company's principal activity during the year was that of a sports club in Gibraltar. The Company aims to involve teams in various local sport associations.

Leaning on a solid sport project, a recognised know-how regarding training and a rich culture, Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited intends to represent proudly the City of Gibraltar, faithful to its roots and history.

MCSCCL has already successfully started up and affiliated more than ten sports teams in five years. This includes teams within Gibraltar:

- (i) one senior men's professional Football team;
- (ii) eight junior Football teams competing in the 2023/2024 season; and,
- (iii) an agreement with Gibraltar Wave, a women's football team within Gibraltar.

With the sole purpose of internationalizing the Mons Calpe brand, along with Gibraltar, as part of the brand awareness and internationalization, the Club has secured two affiliated teams overseas:

- (i) one junior U16 Football team in Florida US, under the name of Davie Mons Calpe; and
- (ii) one senior franchise for a professional football team in Mexico, Yucatan city in the Merida state.

The Company is looking forward to increasing the number of youth teams considering the geographical and population limitations in Gibraltar and to continue to increase its footprint outside of Gibraltar by affiliating local youth teams in Spain, Argentina, Mexico and the United States.

Following a successful takeover in October 2016, the Company is managed and controlled by the international sports company, Reygadas Sports Group.

In October 2018, MOCA Sports Holding Limited became the sole shareholder of the Company. MOCA Sports Holding Limited is jointly owned by Reygadas Sports Group LLC and Aventin Corporation.

Starting in the season 2020/2021, the Company began representing the image rights of some of its players to promote the sale and/or transfer of players abroad to other football markets around the world. Likewise, the Company is aggressively promoting the brand and the name Mons Calpe and Gibraltar.

The Company achieved an agreement during the summer of 2021 with Union Deportiva Los Barrios in Spain for a club house and training facility to become the permanent home of MCSCCL in Spain for training purposes due to space restrictions within the Gibraltar geographical area.

In 2021, Mons Calpe was among a list of eight European football clubs sanctioned by UEFA due to non-compliance with the "no overdue payables" requirement. This included a fine of EUR16,000.

The sanction also included a conditional exclusion from participating in the next UEFA club competition for which the club would otherwise qualify in the next three seasons (i.e. 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25 seasons), unless they could prove by 31 January 2022 that they had paid the outstanding overdue amounts. As the overdue payables were not settled by 31 January 2022, this conditional exclusion came into effect, which affected Mons Calpe's ability to access UEFA funds in the 2022/23 football season. The overdue payables, together with the fine, were paid in full on 5 July 2022.

# **Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

## **Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)**

### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as the directors believe that the company is a going concern. The going concern basis of presentation assumes continuity of operations, realisation of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Funding is primarily required to support the Company. The directors have received confirmation from Jose A. Reygadas, Director, and from the Company's ultimate shareholders of their continuing financial support.

The Company has been generating losses for a number of years and has been supported by the ultimate shareholders. Future projected results also indicate further losses in next 2-3 years and the Company's balance sheet also shows net liabilities of £278,852. This is after the fact that the ultimate shareholders have agreed to capitalise part of their loans. However, the directors expect significant income to be generated from the football club with their football club activities. In particular, the Company expects success in future competitions in order to generate a sustainable and profitable business.

During 2024, as the pattern has been in recent years, the Company has continued to receive funding from the ultimate shareholders. The directors believe that sufficient funding will be in place to cover its expenses for the next 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

The Directors therefore believe that the ultimate shareholders have the willingness and financial strength to continue to support the Company and therefore the Company is a going concern.

### **Results**

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 8.

### **Dividends**

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2022: £nil) and consequently the loss for the year of £269,410 (2022: £232,277) has been deducted from reserves.

### **Directors**

The Directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signing these financial statements are disclosed on page 1.

### **Statement of directors' responsibilities**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Gibraltar Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law, the directors have prepared the Company's financial statements in accordance with Gibraltar Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (Gibraltar Financial Reporting Standard 102 and applicable law). Under Gibraltar law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

### Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014 and other applicable legislation. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Small company provisions

The Company qualifies for exemption from audit under Gibraltar Law as it qualifies as a small company. Nevertheless, the directors have elected for a non-statutory audit since the directors believe this is best practice.

### Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the Company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

RSM Audit (Gibraltar) Limited were appointed auditors to the Company. They have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the next board meeting.

This report was approved by the board on 12 April 2024 and signed on its behalf.



**Jose Alfredo Reygadas del Valle**  
Director

**RSM Audit (Gibraltar) Limited**

21 Engineer Lane  
Gibraltar  
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**Independent auditors' report  
To the shareholders of Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

**Report on the audit of the financial statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2023, the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of its loss and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Gibraltar Financial Reporting Standards applicable to smaller entities.

**Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Material uncertainty related to going concern**

We draw attention to the balance sheet in the financial statements which indicates that the Company has net liabilities of £278,852 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: £194,442). We have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 2 to the non-statutory financial statements concerning the support of the shareholders and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These conditions, along with the other matters explained in note 2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law in Gibraltar and Gibraltar Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal controls as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

*RSM Audit (Gibraltar) Limited*

**RSM Audit (Gibraltar) Limited**

21 Engineer Lane

Gibraltar

12/04/2024

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# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover	14	137,330	89,448
Administrative expenses		(406,740)	(321,725)
<b>Loss for the year before taxation</b>	3	<b>(269,410)</b>	<b>(232,277)</b>
Taxation	4	-	-
<b>Loss for the year</b>		<b>(269,410)</b>	<b>(232,277)</b>

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

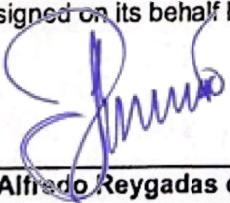
# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

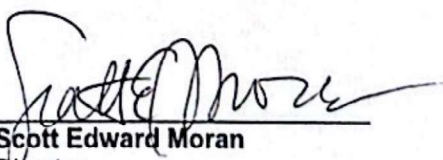
## Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Tangible fixed assets	6	1,140	1,570
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	7	3,384	16,844
Cash at bank		92	1,666
		<u>3,476</u>	<u>18,510</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	(283,468)	(214,522)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(279,992)</u>	<u>(196,012)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(278,852)</u>	<u>(194,442)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(278,852)</u>	<u>(194,442)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Capital reserve	10	1,799,000	1,614,000
Profit and loss account		(2,077,952)	(1,808,542)
<b>Shareholders' deficit</b>		<u>(278,852)</u>	<u>(194,442)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of GFRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 18 were approved by the board of directors on 12 April 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

  
**Jose Alfredo Reygadas del Valle**  
 Director

  
**Scott Edward Moran**  
 Director

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2023

	Share capital £	Capital reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2022	100	1,214,000	(1,576,265)	(362,165)
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(232,277)	(232,277)
Addition (note 10)	-	400,000	-	400,000
At 31 December 2022	<b>100</b>	<b>1,614,000</b>	<b>(1,808,542)</b>	<b>(194,442)</b>
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(269,410)	(269,410)
Addition (note 10)	-	185,000	-	185,000
<b>At 31 December 2023</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,799,000</b>	<b>(2,077,952)</b>	<b>(278,852)</b>

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2023

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Loss before taxation	(269,410)	(232,277)
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation (note 6)	430	-
Loss on write-off of other debtors	2,000	-
Reconciliation to cash used in operations:		
Decrease in debtors	11,460	13,039
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	59,224	(147,364)
<i>Net cash used in operating activities</i>	<u>(196,296)</u>	<u>(366,602)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 6)	-	(1,570)
<i>Cash used in investing activities</i>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,570)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Net loan/capital amounts granted by shareholder (note 11)	194,722	369,514
<i>Net cash from financing activities</i>	<u>194,722</u>	<u>369,514</u>
<b>Net movement in cash at bank</b>	(1,574)	1,342
Cash at bank at 1 January	1,666	324
<b>Cash at bank at 31 December</b>	<u><b>92</b></u>	<u><b>1,666</b></u>

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

### 1 General information

Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares domiciled in Gibraltar.

The Company's principal activity during the year was that of a sports club in Gibraltar. The club aims to involve teams in various local sport associations.

The Company's registered office during the year was 3.22 Eurotowers, Gibraltar. On 1 February 2023, the registered principal place of business was changed to World Trade Center, 6 Bayside Road, Regus, Unit 1.02, Office 257, Gibraltar.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### ***Basis of preparation***

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Gibraltar Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("GFRS 102") and the requirements of the Gibraltar Companies Act 2014 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of GFRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GFRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Critical accounting estimates and judgements made by management in the application of GFRS 102 that have significant effects on the financial statements are disclosed, where applicable, in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

As a result of the Company's simple business structure and few transactions there are no critical accounting estimates or judgements to be made by management.

#### ***Going concern***

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as the directors believe that the company is a going concern. The going concern basis of presentation assumes continuity of operations, realisation of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Funding is primarily required to support the Company. The directors have received confirmation from Jose A. Reygadas, Director, and from the Company's ultimate shareholders of their continuing financial support.

The Company has been generating losses for a number of years and has been supported by the ultimate shareholders. Future projected results also indicate further losses in next 2-3 years and the Company's balance sheet also shows net liabilities of £278,852. This is after the fact that the ultimate shareholders have agreed to capitalise part of their loans. However, the directors expect significant income to be generated from the football club with their football club activities. In particular, the Company expects success in future competitions in order to generate a sustainable and profitable business.

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### ***Going concern (continued)***

During 2024, as the pattern has been in recent years, the Company has continued to receive funding from the ultimate shareholders. The directors believe that sufficient funding will be in place to cover its expenses for the next 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

The Directors therefore believe that the ultimate shareholders have the willingness and financial strength to continue to support the Company and therefore the Company is a going concern.

### ***Turnover***

Turnover represents the amounts earned and receivable in relation to sponsorships for the Company during the year. This also includes prize money earned for joining and winning leagues and competitions.

### ***Current taxation***

Provision is made at the applicable rate for corporation tax payable on the profits for the year, as adjusted for tax purposes.

### ***Deferred taxation***

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider it more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

### ***Foreign currency translation***

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

### ***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price, costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, dismantling and restoration costs and borrowing costs capitalised.

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment	5 years
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# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### ***Cash at bank***

Cash at bank are basic financial instruments and include cash deposits held with banks.

### ***Financial instruments***

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 '*Basic Financial Instruments*' of GFRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are classified into specific categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

### ***Basic financial assets***

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

### ***Impairment of financial assets***

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for impairment.

Where there is objective evidence that an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the shortfall between an asset's carrying value and its estimated discounted cash flows, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

A decrease in an earlier period's impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent that the asset's revised carrying value does not exceed its original carrying amount.

### ***Derecognition of financial assets***

Financial assets are derecognised when the Company has no further right to the cash flows from the asset.

### ***Prepayments***

Prepayments, presented as part of debtors, represent expenses not yet incurred but already paid in cash. Prepayments are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to profit or loss as they are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time.

### ***Classification of financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified in accordance with their respective contractual arrangements.



# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities are recognised at historical cost unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, in which case the liability is measured at the present value of the future payments.

### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors payable within one year are initially measured at their historical cost.

When a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the payable is measured at the present value of future payments.

### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations are fully discharged.

### **Ordinary shares**

Ordinary shares issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### **Capital reserve**

Capital reserve in the equity section of the balance sheet includes additional capital contribution as a result of conversion of shareholders' loan.

## 3 Loss before taxation

This is stated after charging:	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Wages and salaries	119,219	75,460
Social insurance costs	11,978	15,753
Audit fees	11,400	10,400
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

## 4 Taxation

The Company is subject to corporation tax in Gibraltar on any profits which are accrued in or derived from Gibraltar or any passive income which is taxable. The corporation tax rate in Gibraltar for the year ended 31 December 2023 is 12.5% (2022: 12.5%).

The Company has taxable losses to carry forward, consequently no provision for corporate tax has been made in these financial statements.

As at 31 December 2023 and as at 31 December 2022, the Company has no deferred tax assets and no deferred tax liabilities.

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## 5 Employees

Average number of persons employed and contracted by the Company (excluding directors) during the year was 9 (2022: 7).

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>No.</b>	<b>No.</b>
Management	1	1
Players	15	10

## 6 Tangible fixed assets

	<b>Computer equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 January 2023	<u>1,570</u>	<u>1,570</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>1,570</u>	<u>1,570</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 January 2023	-	-
Charge for the year	<u>430</u>	<u>430</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>430</u>	<u>430</u>
<b>Net book value</b>		
At 31 December 2023	<u>1,140</u>	<u>1,140</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>1,570</u>	<u>1,570</u>

## 7 Debtors

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Prepayments	1,002	12,462
Other debtors	2,282	4,282
Unpaid share capital	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
	<u>3,384</u>	<u>16,844</u>

# Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited

## 8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts payable to employees and consultants	10,092	7,104
Other creditors including taxation	173,866	189,219
Shareholders' loan (note 11)	17,521	7,799
Accruals	81,989	10,400
	<u>283,468</u>	<u>214,522</u>

## 9 Share capital

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	No	No	£	£
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Allotted and called up:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Ordinary shares have unlimited voting rights and, upon a winding-up, will participate in the available assets for distribution to the extent of the amount paid up and any surplus assets then remaining.

## 10 Capital reserve

During 2023, the immediate controlling parties converted £185,000 (2022: £400,000) of the shareholder loan into a capital reserve. This amount is non-refundable.

## 11 Related party transactions

During the year, the immediate controlling party provided a net loan of £194,722 (2022: £369,514). The balance payable to MOCA Sports Holdings Ltd as at 31 December 2023 amounting to £17,521 (2022: £7,799) was as stated in note 8 after the conversion of shareholder loan into capital reserve as stated in note 10.

In 2023, the Company also provided advances to Mons Calpe F.C. Yucatán, Linense FC España F.C., Gibraltar Wave F.C., Aldamemi, and Reygadas Associates, related parties under common ownership, also football clubs or companies with links to football, to assist in covering their expenses. However, these advances totalling £60,035 have been adjusted against the outstanding shareholder loan, as there was no formal connection to the Company.

In 2022, the Company also provided advances to Mons Calpe F.C. Yucatán, Unión Deportiva Los Barrios, and Linense FC España F.C., related parties under common ownership, also football clubs, to assist in covering their expenses. However, these advances totalling £19,677 were adjusted against the outstanding shareholder loan, as there was no formal connection to the Company.

# **Mons Calpe Sports Club Limited**

## **12 Controlling party**

The immediate controlling company is MOCA Sports Holdings Ltd. which is registered in Gibraltar with registered address of 3.22 Eurotowers, Gibraltar until 31 January 2023 and World Trade Center, 6 Bayside Road, Regus, Unit 1.02, Office 257, Gibraltar from 1 February 2023. MOCA Sports Holdings Ltd is equally owned by Reygadas Sports Group LLC and Aventin Corporation, which are incorporated in Miami, Florida, USA and in Barbados, respectively. The ultimate beneficial owners of the Company are Jose Alfredo Reygadas del Valle and Maria Margarita Sosa Abascal.

## **13 Contingent liabilities**

In 2022, the Company received a summary of all claims against the Company which includes those that have received a ruling by Fédération Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) or are currently with FIFA for consideration. These claims pertain to disputes, some of which, date back to 2018 and 2019 but it was only in 2022 that FIFA finalised the decisions.

In 2022, final resolution was received from FIFA and settlement was made by the Company. Accordingly, there was no outstanding provision as of 31 December 2022. There were no new claims made against the Company during the year.

## **14 Youth Development Programme**

During the year, the Company received Youth solidarity funds amounting to £67,424 (EUR 76,705). In addition, Gibraltar Football Association paid £6,000 to the Company specifically for Youth administrative teams as part of its Pillar Programme.

The Company incurred a total expense of £50,320 during the year with respect to its Youth Development Programme. These expenses pertain to payments to personnel involved in the youth team for training sessions and matches.

## **15 Events after the reporting date**

There have been no significant events after the reporting date which require disclosure in the financial statements.